

Hurricane Environmental Sampling Tools

This collection of curated environmental sampling tools was identified by one of the Environmental Disaster Data Management (EDDM) Working Groups for use in the post-hurricane setting. The goal of EDDM Working Groups is to provide information and data services that improve the quality and speed of decision-making in response to environmental disasters. The Working Groups, organized by the Coastal Response Research Center (CRRC, <https://crrc.unh.edu>), consist of scientists and researchers, industry, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), federal and state agencies, data managers, data collectors, and data retrieval personnel. CRRC is a partnership between the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration, through the Office of Response and Restoration, and the University of New Hampshire.

| Tool Name (links to actual tool) | Agency | Sample Types/Guidance Included |
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| Standard Operating Procedure for Collection of Soil and Sediment Samples for the Sediment-bound Contaminant Resiliency and Response (SCoRR) Strategy Pilot Study | United States Geological Survey (USGS) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soil and Sediment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Pathogens ○ Inorganics ○ Organics ○ Chemistry |
| National Field Manual for the Collection of Water-Quality Data (NFM) | United States Geological Survey (USGS) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water, Sediment, and select microbiology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Dissolved oxygen, electrical conductance, pH, reduction-oxidation potential, alkalinity and acid neutralizing potential, and turbidity ○ Wastewater, pharmaceutical, and antibiotic compounds ○ Arsenic ○ Low-level mercury ○ Biochemical oxygen demand, fecal indicators, protozoan pathogens, algal biomass indicators, cyanobacteria ○ Indicator bacteria ○ General collection guidance for environmental (ground and surface) and supply water, suspended sediment, and bed sediment, including site selection, sampling protocol, field QA/QC (quality assurance/quality control), and sampler types for select methods. |
| Identifying and Preserving High-water Mark Data | United States Geological Survey (USGS) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical measure of recent and historical flood events <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ High-water mark ○ Important for understanding level of inundation in an area and can be directly correlated with water and sediment chemistry data collected post-event ○ Document includes companion file: High-Water Mark Field Form |

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| Methods of Practice and Guidelines for Using Survey-Grade Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) to Establish Vertical Datum in the United States Geological Survey | United States Geological Survey (USGS) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elevation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Uses satellite and local receivers to get accurate surface elevations, should include trusted benchmarks but not required ○ Provides insights into surveying with this equipment and QA/QC (quality assurance/quality control) |
| NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods | Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air, blood, urine <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Multiple chemicals searchable by name or CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) Number |
| Air Sensor Toolbox for Citizen Scientists, Researchers and Developers | United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Guidance on use of air sensors |
| Field Forms, Data Templates, and Guidelines | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Field sampling forms and Chain of Custody <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Matrices including sediment, tissue, water, oil ○ Coastal environments including marine and fresh water ○ Species and Habitats ○ Litigation Quality Data • Guidelines on field sampling and QAPPs (Quality Assurance Project Plans) for laboratory analysis • Data Validation procedures • DIVER Environmental Data Specification (data standards) |
| Selected Analytical Methods for Environmental Remediation and Recovery (SAM) | United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air, water, solid, aqueous liquid and wipe samples <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Multiple methods for chemicals and biotoxins searchable by name |
| Hazardous Waste Test Methods/SW-846 | United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air, water, aqueous liquids and soil <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Methods for multiple chemical analytes |
| Association of Public Health Laboratories – Hurricane Response Resources | United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), and the Association of Public Health Laboratories (APHL) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public, private, and surface water sampling and testing guidelines <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Coliforms, unknown contaminants, infectious diseases, and multiple chemical analytes |